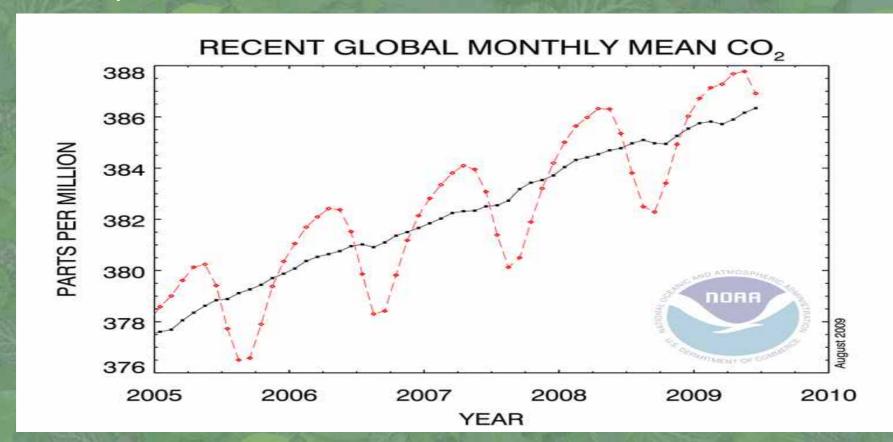


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CO₂ IN THE AIR

Data from US Department of Commerce National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration NOAA Research shows:



The sudden drop in CO₂ mid year coincides with colder southern ocean and strong winter winds.

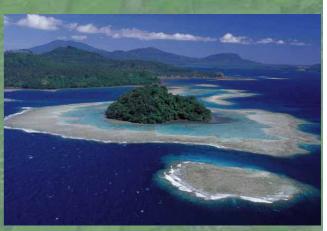
ONE METRE RULE COMPARISON



CO₂ at 386 parts per million is equal to just over one third of the first millimetre:







CO₂ acts to enrich all forms of sea, land, plant and animal life





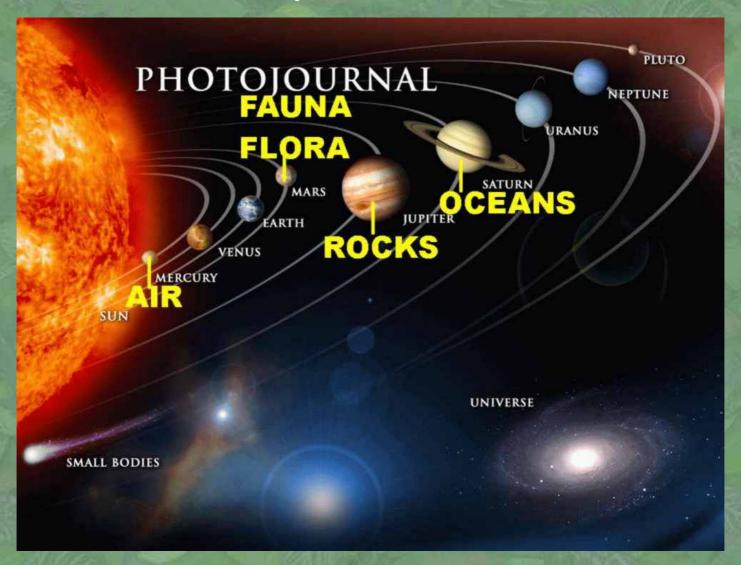


WHERE IS ALL THE CARBON ON EARTH? Refer Prof Ian Plimer "Heaven and Earth" p412

CARBON stores in four areas of the upper mantel including:

- > Rocks
- **>** Oceans
- Flora & Fauna
- > Air

What proportions does carbon represent when likened to the planets of our solar system?



Carbon in the air as CO₂ is a relatively small component of carbon deposited elsewhere on Earth's surface.

HOW SOLUBLE IS CO₂ IN THE OCEANS?

CO₂ enters the ocean in three stages:

- (1) as a DISSOLVED GAS
- (2) then as a BICARBONATE and
- (3) and finally as a CARBONATE. The portions of each are sensitive to water pH (acid level)

It is fair to say: "CO₂ is VERY, VERY, VERY, soluble in sea water."

71% of the World's surface is water which acts like a huge sponge soaking up then storing CO₂



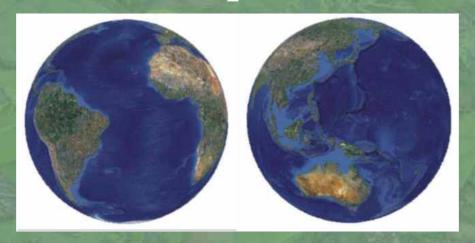
The Carbon Dioxide which dissolves is dependant on the CO₂ concentration in the air, and the sea temperature. This is described scientifically as

HENRY'S LAW

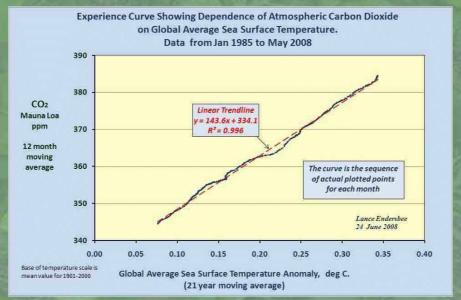
In essence Henry's Law formulated in 1803 means: The quantity of a gas dissolved in a liquid at a particular temperature is proportional to the pressure of that gas above the liquid.

Similar to a glass of warming beer

And similar to the CO₂ dissolved in sea water



A straight line relationship between sea temperature and CO₂ is shown to exist by Emeritus Professor Lance Endersbee consistent with Henry's Law. Refer http://icecap.us/images/uploads/Focus_0808_endersbee.pdf



CONCLUSION

The science fact is that the atmospheric level of CO₂ is always in balance with the sea temperature as postulated by William Henry two centuries ago.

It does not matter how much CO₂ is pumped into the air, it will always find an equilibrium concentration such as 386ppm, but always dependent on the sea temperature.